

### Introduction

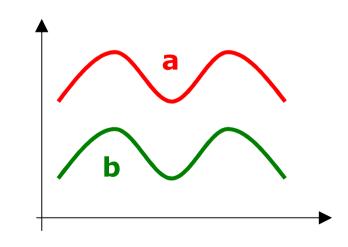
**Anders Plejdrup Houmøller** *CEO, Houmoller Consulting* 

- This PowerPoint presentation presents issues concerning pricing of gas in Continental Europe.
- The PowerPoint presentation is animated
  - ✓ It's recommended to run the animation when viewing the presentation.
- On most computers, you can start the animation by pressing <u>F5</u>.
  - ✓ Now the presentation moves one step forward, when you press <u>Page Down</u>. It moves one step backward, when you press <u>Page Up</u>.



### **Correlation coefficient**

- ⇒ For two sets of data, the correlation coefficient measures the degree, to which the two data sets move in parallel.
  - ✓ A correlation coefficient of 1 means the two data sets move in lockstep.
  - A correlation coefficient of 0 means no tendency at all for the two data sets to move in parallel.
  - ✓ A correlation coefficient of 0.5 indicates a very weak tendency to move in parallel.



In this example is Correlation(a,b) = 1 because a and b move in lockstep





- Historically, gas has often been traded by means of long-term contracts
  - $\checkmark$  Where the price of gas was linked to the price of oil.
- ⇒ Long-term contracts and oil-linked pricing have a long history
  - ✓ When gas first began to be used a lot in the 1960s it was a substitute for home heating oil.
  - ✓ Hence, it made sense to anchor the gas price to the oil price.
  - ✓ Long-term contracts became the industry norm, because big exploration, extraction and infrastructure investments required lots of capital.
- ⇒ However, today oil is generally no substitute for gas.
- ⇒ Increasingly, gas is spot traded.
- The severing of the linking makes sense, as the following slides illustrate
  - $\checkmark$  As the correlation between gas and oil prices is decreasing.



# Gas and oil prices – 1

⇒ If you still want to tie your gas price to the oil price:

- ✓ There is a bewildering array of oil indices, which can be used for the linking.
- ✓ And in order to make it even more complex:
  - There may be a time delay, so your gas price this month is linked to an oil price from a previous month.
- In order to cut a long history short, for this presentation, the oil price index used is the monthly prices of the index *Europe Brent Spot Price FOB*.
- ⇒ No time delay is considered

✓ Currency issues are not considered either.



# Gas and oil prices – 2

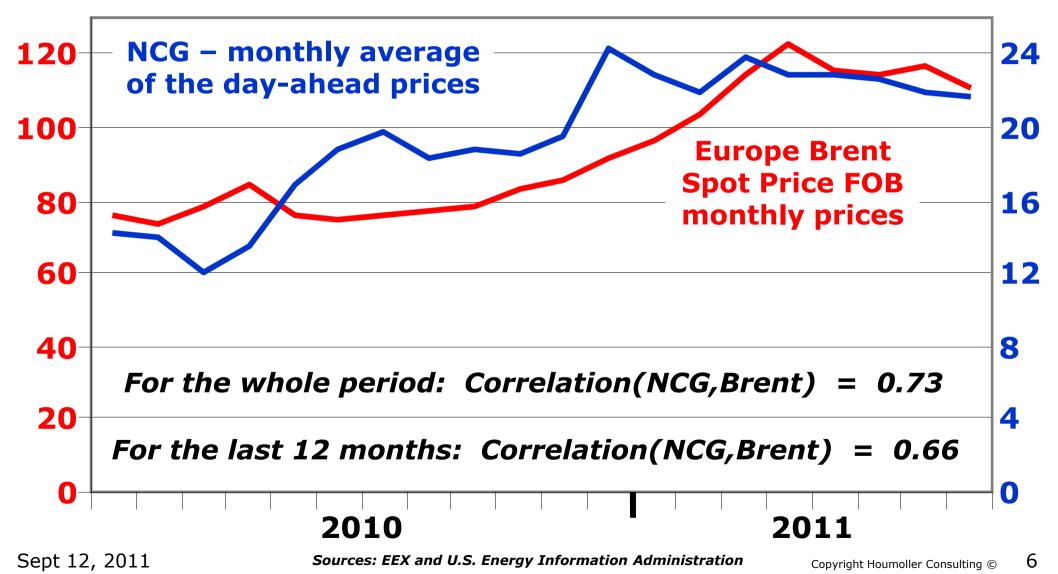
- Just in order to demonstrate the weaknesses of the archaic pricing structure:
  - ✓ In this presentation, for the last year at the Danish gas market, it's demonstrated, you would have had a better hedge by linking your price to the price of Colombian Mild Arabicas coffee
    - Compared with linking to the oil price.

### NCG gas prices and Brent oil spot prices January 2010 – August 2011

**USD/barrel** 

**EUR/MWh** 

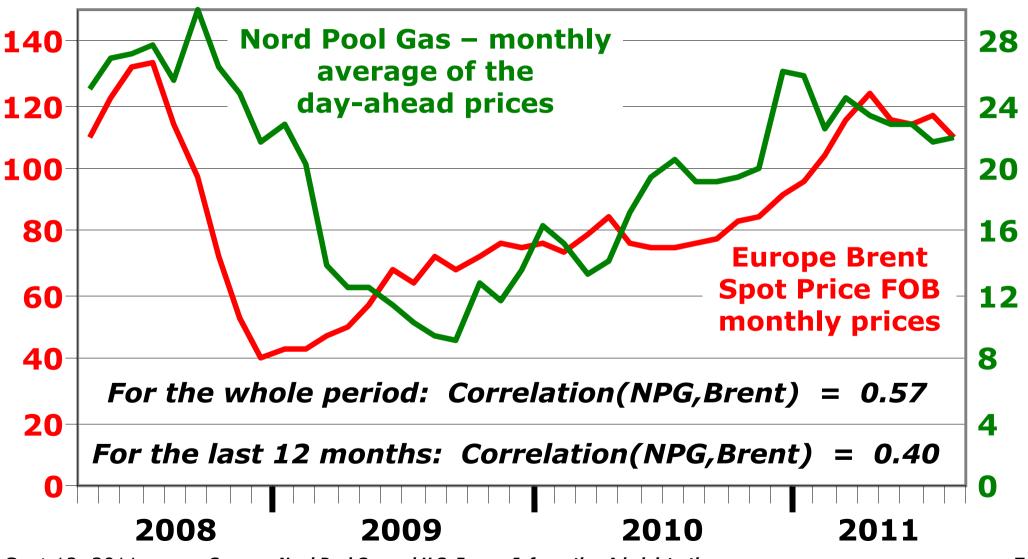
HoumollerConsulting



### Nord Pool Gas prices and Brent oil spot prices April 2008 – August 2011

**USD/barrel** 

**EUR/MWh** 



#### **Houmoller**Consulting Nord Pool Gas prices and coffee prices September 2010 – August 2011 **US** cents per **EUR/MWh** pound (lb) 350 35 **Colombian Mild Arabicas Coffee – New York price** 300 30 250 25 20 200 Nord Pool Gas – monthly average of the 150 day-ahead prices 15 100 10 For the 12 months: Correlation(NPG,coffee) = 0.54 50 5 0 Π 20102011 Sept 12, 2011 Sources: Nord Pool Gas and International Coffee Organisation



# Thank you for your attention!

### Anders Plejdrup Houmøller *Houmoller Consulting* Tel. +45 28 11 23 00 anders@houmollerconsulting.dk